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YOUTH UNEMPLOYMENT: REASSESSING THE ROLE OF EDUCATION AND LABOUR MARKET INSTITUTIONS

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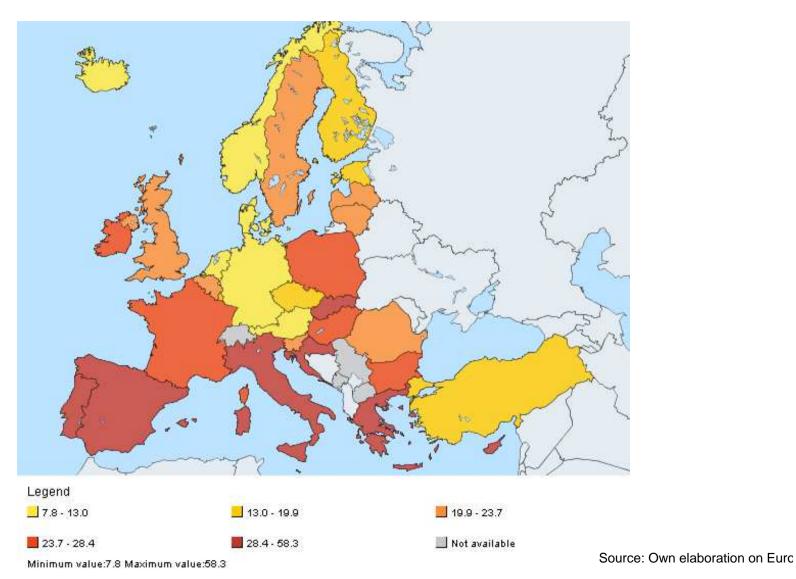
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Youth unemployment rate in 2013 (%)



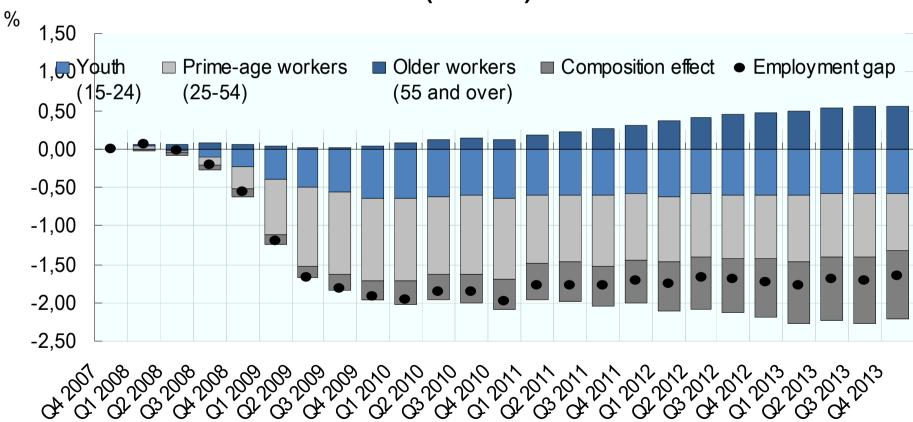






Population ageing and skill upgrading are having a significant impact on employment

Decomposition of the overall change in the employment rate by age and education since the onset of the crisis (Q4 2007)

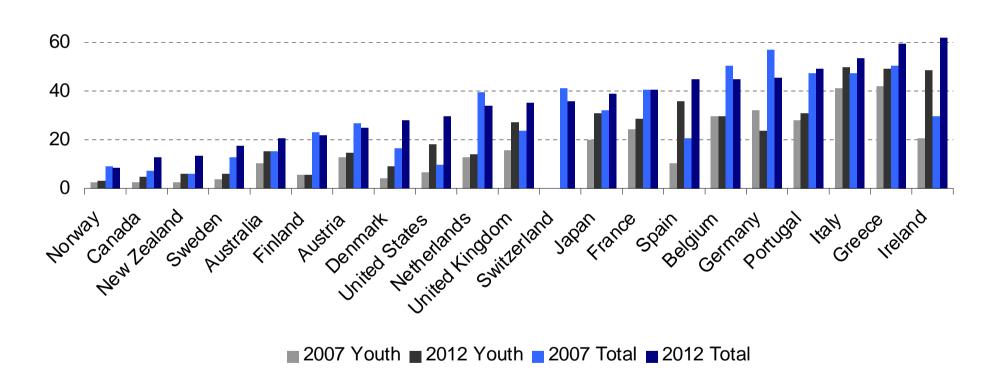








Long-term unemployment rates (15-24 years old and total). 2007 - 2012

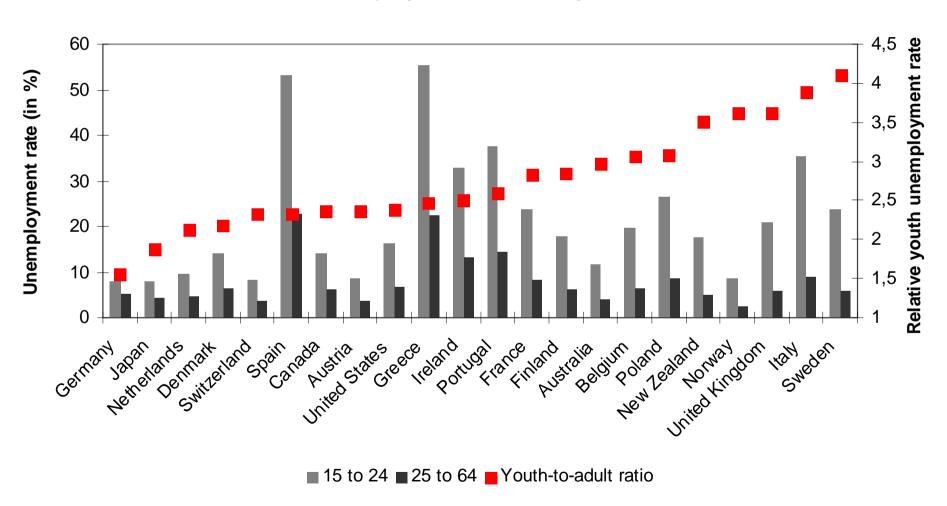








Youth and adult unemployment rates and youth relative ratio. 2012

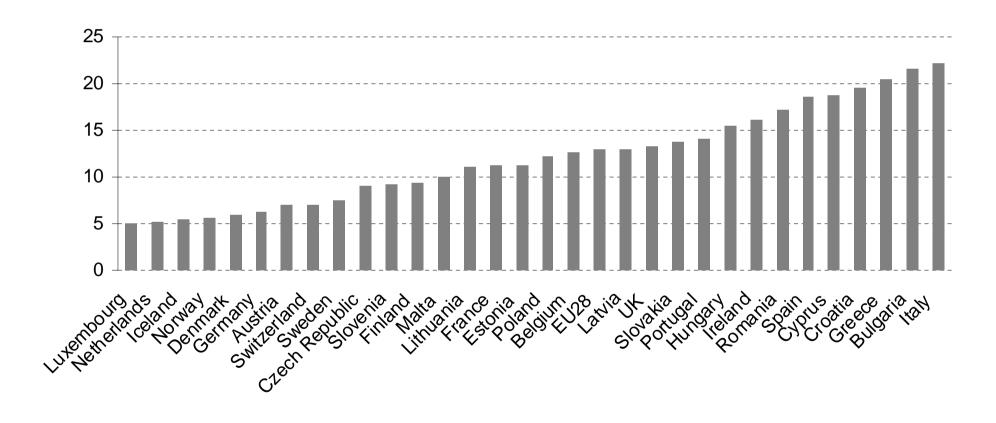








NEET rates in 2013 (%)

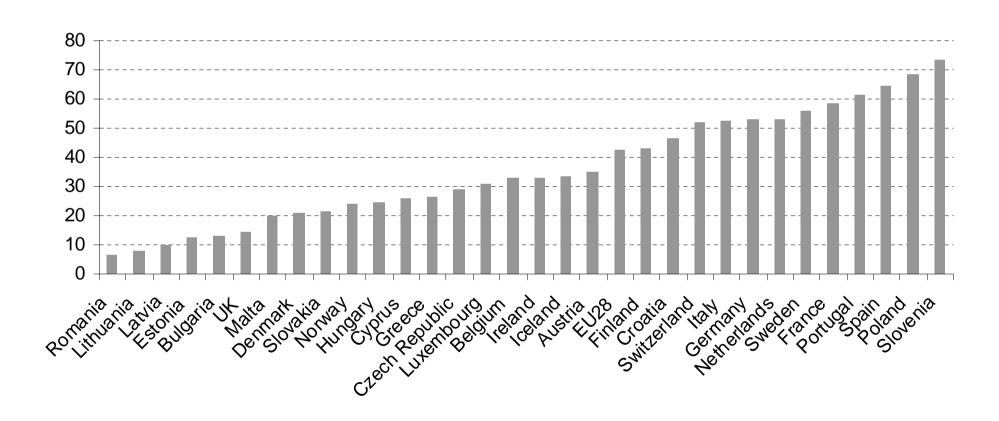








Young temporary employees as percentage of the total number of employees aged 15-24 in 2013 (in %)

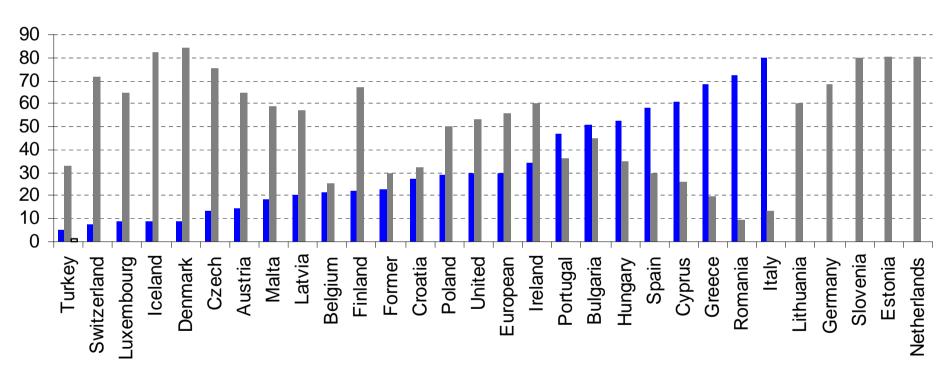








Main reasons for part-time employment of young people aged 15-24 years old in 2013 (in %)



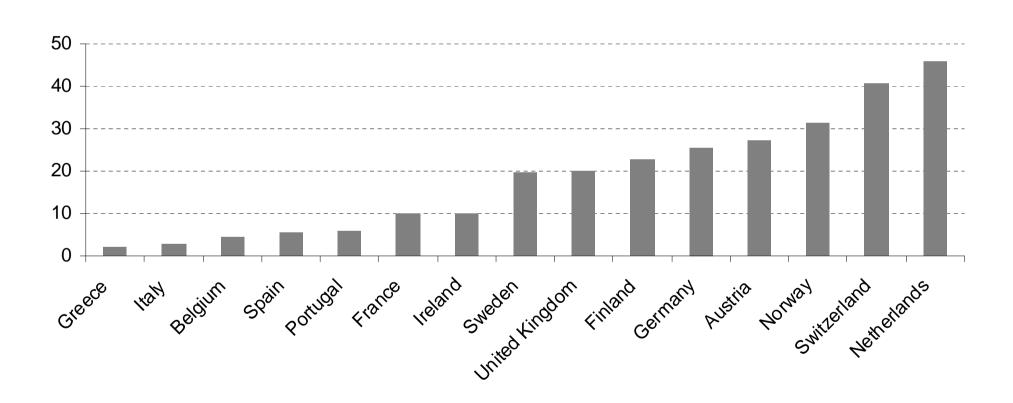
■ Could not find a full-time job In education or training







Participation of young people in education and training (formal and informal) by employment status. 2012

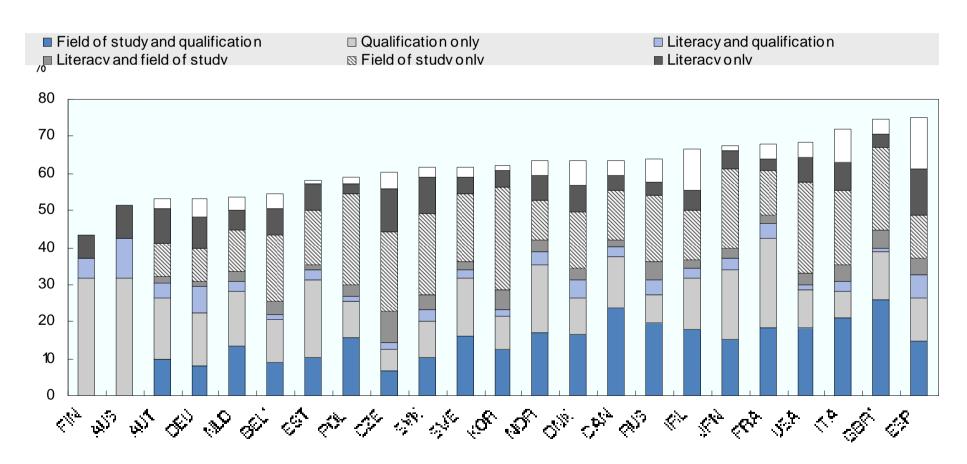








Total mismatch among youth (16-29) by type of mismatch (% of all youth in employment)

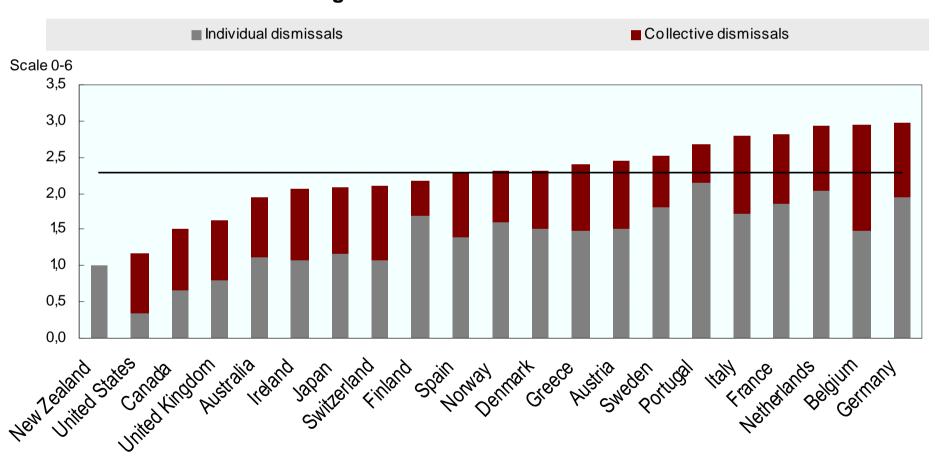








Shape of labour market institutions: regulation, policies and industrial relations Protection against individual and collective dismissals



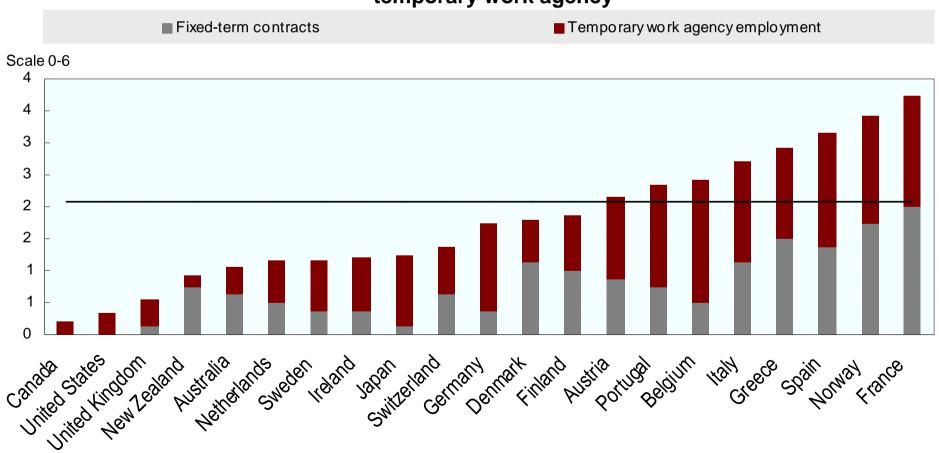






Shape of labour market institutions: regulation, policies and industrial relations

Strictness of regulation on temporary work: fixed-term contracts and temporary work agency



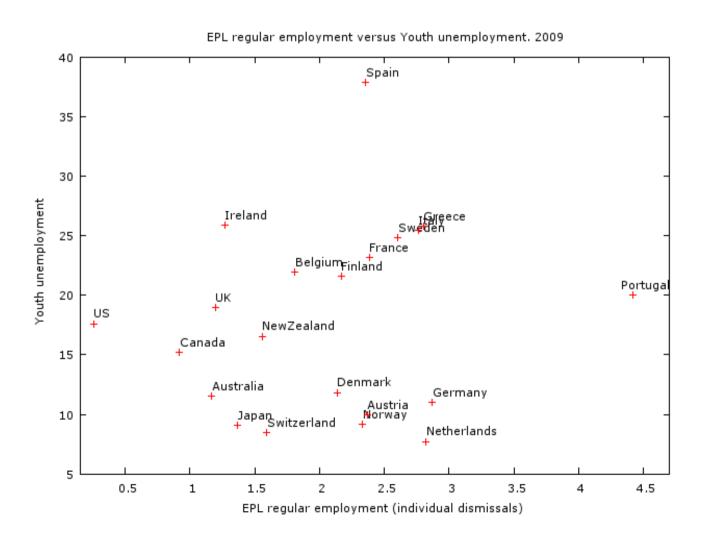






Source: OECD

Shape of labour market institutions: regulation, policies and industrial relations EPL index for regular employment and youth unemployment rate. 2009



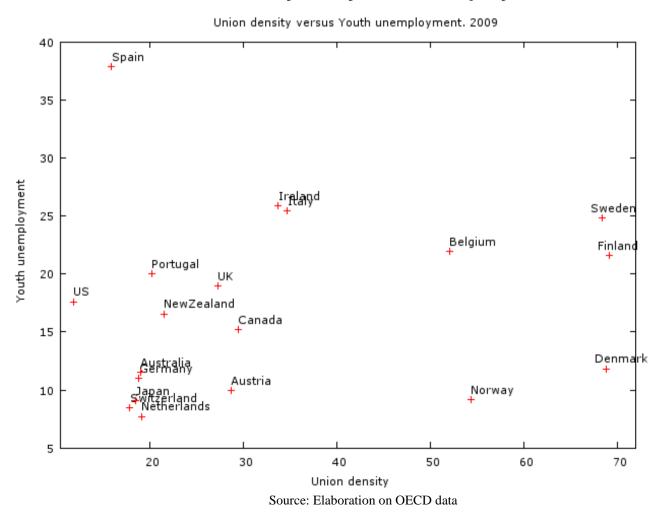






Shape of labour market institutions: regulation, policies and industrial relations

Trade union density and youth unemployment. 2009



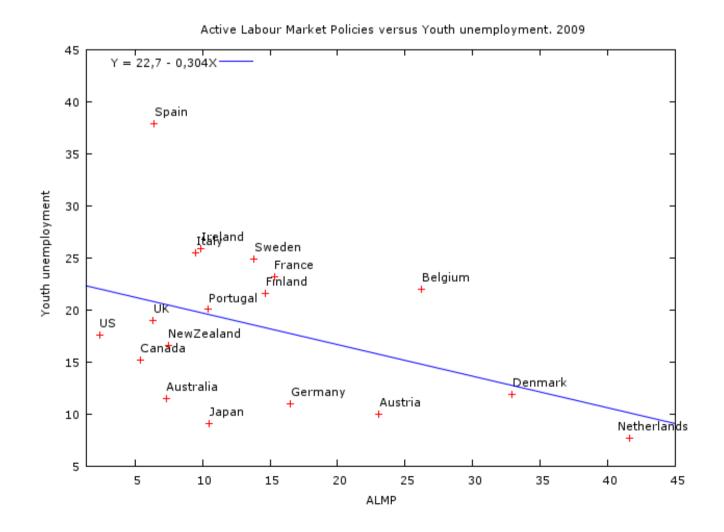






Shape of labour market institutions: regulation, policies and industrial relations

Active labour market policy and youth unemployment. 2009

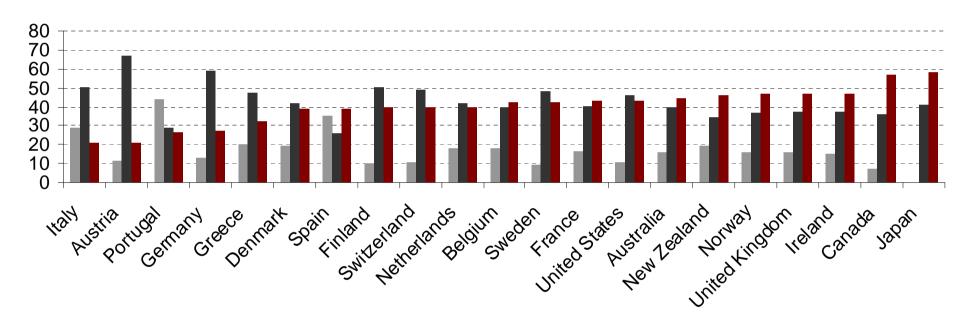








Educational attainment of people aged 25 to 34 year-old. 2011



- Attained below upper secondary education, 25-34 year-olds (%)
- Attained upper secondary and post-secondary non-tertiary education, 25-34 year-olds (%)
- Attained a tertiary education degree, 25-34 year-olds (%)



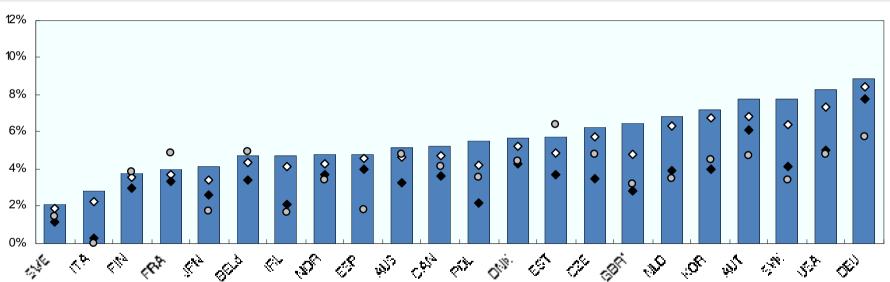




The return to one additional year of education

Percentage increase in hourly wagesb associated with one extra year of education



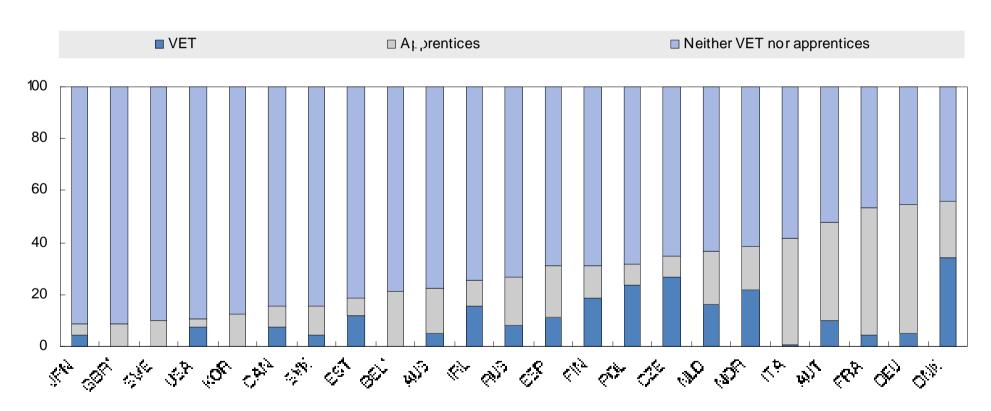








Composition of work and study by type of programme Percentages of all youth (16-29) combining work and study









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